

There are several North Carolinians here—Mr. Skinner,<sup>17</sup> of Raleigh, Wm. Johnston, etc., etc.,—none at this house but myself—  
Love to all the children—

Ever Affectionately,

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<sup>1</sup>Edward A. Bradford (1813-1872), of Louisiana, was a graduate of Yale and the Harvard Law School. He was the law partner of Judah P. Benjamin before the war; Benjamin characterized him as the "most finished lawyer" he had ever known. Bradford was nominated to a position on the United States Supreme Court by Millard Fillmore, but he was not confirmed. His health failed about the same time, and he left New Orleans for Paris, where he spent his last years. Robert D. Meade, *Judah P. Benjamin, Confederate Statesman* (New York: Oxford University Press, 1943), 84, 95, 381.

<sup>2</sup>Madame Euphrosyne Parepa-Rosa (1836-1874) was an English soprano noted for the sweetness and strength of her voice and regarded by contemporaries as a great artist. Having sung in leading opera houses in Europe, she toured the United States in 1865 and 1867 with Carl Rosa, a German operatic impresario in England. She married Rosa in 1867 and sang in America with the Carl Rosa Opera Company until 1871. Madame Parepa-Rosa died in London. Bruce Bohle (ed.), *The International Cyclopedia of Music and Musicians* (New York: Dodd, Mead and Company, Tenth Edition, 1975), 1623; *Webster's Biographical Dictionary*, 1281.

<sup>3</sup>David Glasgow Farragut (1801-1870), of Virginia, was a native of Tennessee. Virtually adopted by David Porter, he entered the navy in 1810, served on the *Essex*, and was taken prisoner by the British in 1814. Although his studious nature made him unpopular in the conservative antebellum navy, he rose about as rapidly as was usual in his day. He was stationed in Norfolk most of the time between 1823 and 1855, though he saw active service in the Mexican War and established the Mare Island navy yard. He remained loyal to the Union and won great fame as a bold naval warrior. He captured New Orleans, cleared the Mississippi, and won the Battle of Mobile Bay. Farragut became a vice admiral in 1864 and the navy's first full admiral in 1866. Charles O. Paullin, "David Glasgow Farragut," *DAB*, VI, 286-291.

<sup>4</sup>Charles Denslow Dickey (b. 1820), of New York City, had married Graham's niece, Mary Sophia Witherspoon (1829-1880), in 1856. Clark, "Graham Descendants."

<sup>5</sup>John Thompson Hoffman (1828-1888), New York lawyer and politician, was a graduate of Union College, 1846, and as a young man decided on a career in law and politics. In 1848 he campaigned for Democratic presidential candidate Lewis Cass. Six years later he became associated with Tammany Hall, an affiliation which continued until 1871. He was recorder (elected in 1860 and 1863), mayor of New York City (1865-1868), and governor of the state of New York (1869-1873). He was Grand Sachem of Tammany Hall, 1866-1868. Although he was not involved, he was a screen for the corrupt Tweed Ring, about which he must have known. Hoffman repudiated Tweed in 1871 and his political fortunes declined. Lucius H. Holt, "John Thompson Hoffman," *DAB*, IX, 113-114.

<sup>6</sup>Mathew B. Brady (1823-1896), of New York, was a famous daguerreotypist, post-1842, and photographer. His *Gallery of Great Americans* (1850) and monumental photographic coverage of the Civil War, including his notable pictures of Lincoln, assure his niche in history. *CDAB*, 102.

<sup>7</sup>Noah Davis (1818-1902), a native of New Hampshire, had settled in New York and was a member of that state's supreme court, 1857-1868 and 1872-1886. In 1873 he tried and sentenced the notorious William M. Tweed. *CDAB*, 221.

<sup>8</sup>William Cabell Rives (1793-1868), of Virginia.